INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2008

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Officials

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires
	Board of Education	
	(Before September, 2007 Election)	
Steve Burrell Jason Stauffer Troy Paup David Dumdei Greg Carey	President Vice President	2008 2007 2008 2009 2009
	(After September, 2007 Election)	
Steve Burrell Jason Stauffer Troy Paup David Dumdei Greg Carey	President Vice President	2008 2009 2008 2009 2009
	School Officials	
Jess Toliver	Superintendent	
Jina Brincks	District Secretary/ Treasurer	

BRUCE D. FRINK

Certified Public Accountant

Independent Auditor's Report

Member:

- American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- Iowa Society of Certified Public Accountants

Services:

- Individual & Corporate Tax Preparation, Partnerships, Estate & Trust
- · Year Round Tax Planning
- Electronic Filing
- Payroll & Sales Tax Preparation
- · I.R.S. Representation
- Monthly/Quarterly Write-Up
- · Data Processing Services
- · Payroll Preparation
- Computerized Financial Statements
- Business/Personal Financial Planning
- · Bank Loan Assistance
- Section 105 Medical Plan Administration

Plus:

- Over 30 years of Expertise and Experience
- Evenings & Saturdays Available by Appointment
- Extended Hours During Tax
 Season

To the Board of Education of Paton-Churdan Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Paton-Churdan Community School District, Churdan, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District officials. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Paton-Churdan Community School District at June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2009 on our consideration of Paton-Churdan Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 12 and 31 through 32 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

bruce@frinkcpa.com

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Paton-Churdan Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the four years ended June 30, 2007 (none of which are presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 4, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Bruce D. Frish

BRUCE D. FRINK Certified Public Accountant

March 25, 2009

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Paton-Churdan Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

2008 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues increased from \$1,945,777 in fiscal year 2007 to \$2,074,917 in fiscal year 2008, while General Fund expenditures increased from \$1,875,008 in fiscal year 2007 to \$1,927,581 in fiscal year 2008.
- General Fund revenues increased 7% during the year ending June 30, 2008. The increase in expenditures was due primarily to normal annual payroll increases. Current allowable growth levels are inadequate for continued growth in the General Fund.
- The District collected over \$127,000 in local option sales tax revenues. This was used for expenditures previously paid with Physical Plant and Equipment property tax levies as well as infrastructure costs.
- The General Fund increased over \$147,000 from savings due to sharing programs and careful monitoring of discretionary spending as well as increased revenues.
- The District began a geothermal heating/cooling project. This should save the District significant dollars in heating and cooling costs.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Paton-Churdan Community School District as a whole and present on overall view of the District's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report Paton-Churdan Community School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which Paton-Churdan Community School District acts solely as an agent or custodian for the benefit of those outside of the District.

Notes to financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental funds.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

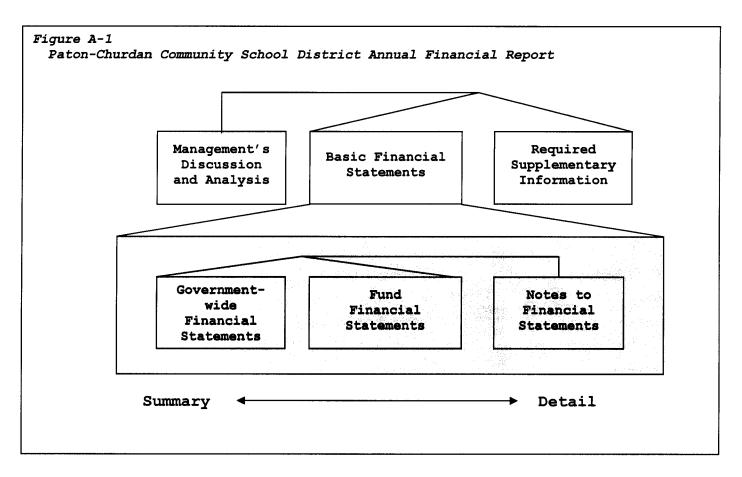


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

	Government-wide	Fund St	atements
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses: food services and adult education
Required financial statements	. Statement of net assets . Statement of activities	. Balance sheet . Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	. Statement of net assets . Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets . Statement of cash flows
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - are one way to measure the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, need to be considered.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds, or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as federal grants.

The District has three kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how much cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Funds, one type of proprietary fund, are the same as its business type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has one Enterprise Fund, the School Nutrition Fund.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, Changes in Net Assets and a Statement of Cash Flows.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net assets for the year ended June 30, 2008 compared to June 30, 2007.

				Figure A-3	3		
			Condensed S	tatement o	f Net Asset	s	
			(Expre	ssed in Tho	usands)		
		nmental	Busines		Tot	•	Total
	Acti	vities	Activi	ties .	Distr	rict	Change
	June	e 30,	June	30,	June	30,	June 30,
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2007-08
Current assets	\$ 2,752	1,502	23	12	2,775	1,514	83.29%
Capital assets	659	413	7	8	666	421	58.19%
Total assets	3,411	1,915	30	20	3,441	1,935	<u>77.83</u> %
Current liabilities	1,098	914	_	_	1,098	914	20.13%
Non-current liabilities	1,095	8			1,095	8	13587.50%
Total liabilities	2,193	922			2,193	922	<u>137.85</u> %
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	184	408	7	8	191	416	-54.09%
Restricted	528	111	-	-	528	111	375.68%
Unrestricted	506	474	23	12	529	486	8.85%
Total net assets	\$ 1,218	993	30	20	1,248	1,013	23.20%

Total net assets increased over 23% in fiscal year 2008. Two primary factors were a \$140,000 increase in the General Fund and the collection of over \$130,000 in local option sales taxes. The General Fund continues to grow due to cost savings from sharing classes with Jefferson-Scranton Community School District as well as continued monitoring of discretionary spending. The District is using local option sales taxes to ease the property tax burden of the PPEL levy as well as for infrastructure projects.

Changes in net assets - figure A-4 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2008 compared to the year ended June 30, 2007.

					Figure A-4			
				Chang	es in Net	Assets		
				(Expres	sed in Tho	usands)		
	Gov	ernment.	al	Busines	s type	Tot	al	Total
	Ac	tivitie	S	Activ	ities	School D	istrict	Change
	200	8 2	:007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2007-08
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for service								
and sales	\$	89	68	27	28	116	96	20.83%
Operating grants,								
contributions and								
restricted interest	3.	55	350	38	43	393	393	0.00%
General revenues:								
Property tax	8	32	825	-	_	832	825	0.85%
Income surtax		78	63	-	_	78	63	23.81%
Local option sales tax	1:	27	133	-	-	127	133	-4.51%
Unrestricted state grants	8	09	779	-	_	809	779	3.85%
Unrestricted investment								
earnings	:	16	11	-	_	16	11	45.45%
Other		7	6			7	6	<u>16.67</u> %
Total revenues	2,3	13	2,235	65	71	2,378	2,306	3.12%
Program expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
Instruction	1,3	56	1,322	_	_	1,356	1,322	2.57%
Support Services	5	99	586	-	_	599	586	2.22%
Non-instructional programs		-	-	60	65	60	65	-7.69%
Other expenses	1	33	134			133	134	- <u>0.75</u> %
Total expenses	2,0	88	2,042	60	65	2,148	2,107	1.95%
Change in net assets	\$ 2:	25	193	5	6	230	<u> 199</u>	15.58%

Property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 69% of the total revenue. The District's expenses primarily relate to instruction and support services which account for 91% of the total expenses.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$2,313,159 and expenses were \$2,087,879.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities: instruction, support services and other expenses, for the year ended June 30, 2008 compared to the year ended June 30, 2007.

			Figure	A-5					
		Total and P	Net Cost of Go	vernmental A	ctivities				
			(Expressed in	Thousands)					
	 Total	Cost of Serv	vices	Net C	ost of Servi	ces			
			Change	Net Cost of Services nge Change					
	 2008	2007	2007-08	2008	2007	2007-08			
Instruction	\$ 1,356	1,322	2.57%	994	998	-0.40%			
Support Services	599	586	2.22%	596	805	-25.96%			
Other expenses	 133	134	- <u>0.75</u> %	54	24	125.00%			
Totals	\$ 2,088	2,042	2.25%	1,644	1,827	- <u>10.02</u> %			

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$89,424.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$218,217.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$831,529 in property tax, \$809,084 in state foundation aid, and \$16,382 in interest income.

Business Type Activities

Revenues of the District's business type activities were \$65,463 and expenses were \$60,358. The District's business-type activities include the School Nutrition Fund. Revenues of these activities were comprised of charges for service, federal and state reimbursements and investment income.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As previously noted Paton-Churdan Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds, as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,604,323, a 301 percent increase over last year's ending fund balances of \$532,653. The primary reason was the Capital Project and PPEL funds having unspent funds from issuance of long-term debt. Fiscal year 2009 will show a corresponding drop as these funds are spent.

Governmental Fund Highlights

- The District maintained its General Fund balance by continuing a program whereby Paton-Churdan high school students attend Jefferson-Scranton Community School District for a portion of each day.
- With the available PPEL and Capital Projects dollars the District was able to do a number of repair and remodeling projects to maintain the District's facilities. A project to install geothermal heating and cooling was begun. \$1,095,000 in revenue bonds and capital loan notes were issued.

Proprietary Fund Highlights

The Nutrition Fund balance grew due to cost containment measurers.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. Although the budget document presents functional area expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity is included in the required supplementary information section of this report. Since the District does not adopt a budget for individual funds, budgets for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds are not presented in the budgetary comparison on pages 31 and 32.

Legal Budgetary Highlights

The District's receipts were \$31,247 greater than budgeted receipts, a variance of 1%. The most significant variance resulted from the District receiving less in federal aid than originally anticipated.

Total expenditures were less than budgeted. This was due in part to ongoing cost containment measures. Expenditures did exceed the budget in the other expenditures function as more costs of the geothermal project were incurred in fiscal year 2008 than anticipated. However, this is not indicative of a cost overrun, but is just a timing matter of when the work was completed.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2008, the District had invested over \$666,000, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, athletic facilities, computers, audio-visual equipment and transportation equipment. (See Figure A-6) This represents a net increase of 58% from last year. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements. Depreciation expense for the year was \$49,868.

			C		Figure A-6 tatement of	Net Asset	.s		
	-	Governm Activi		(Expres Busines Activi		usands) Tota Distr		Total Change	
		June 30,		June	30,	June	30,	June 30,	
		2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2007-08	
Land	\$	\$ 5	5	-	_	- 5	5 288	0.00%	
Buildings		286	288	-	-	286		-0.69%	
Furniture and equipment		95	120	7	9	102	129	-20.93%	
Construction in progress		273		_		273		100.00%	
Totals	\$	659	413	7	9	666	422	<u>57.82</u> %	

Long-Term Debt

During fiscal year 2008, the District issued \$620,000 of revenue bonds and \$475,000 of capital loan notes for the installation of geothermal heating and cooling as well as some remodeling. The revenue bonds will be repaid with proceeds of the one cent sales tax. The capital loan notes will be repaid from the Physical Plant and Equipment levy approved by the voters of the District.

The technology loan and early retirement obligations were fully retired during fiscal year 2008.

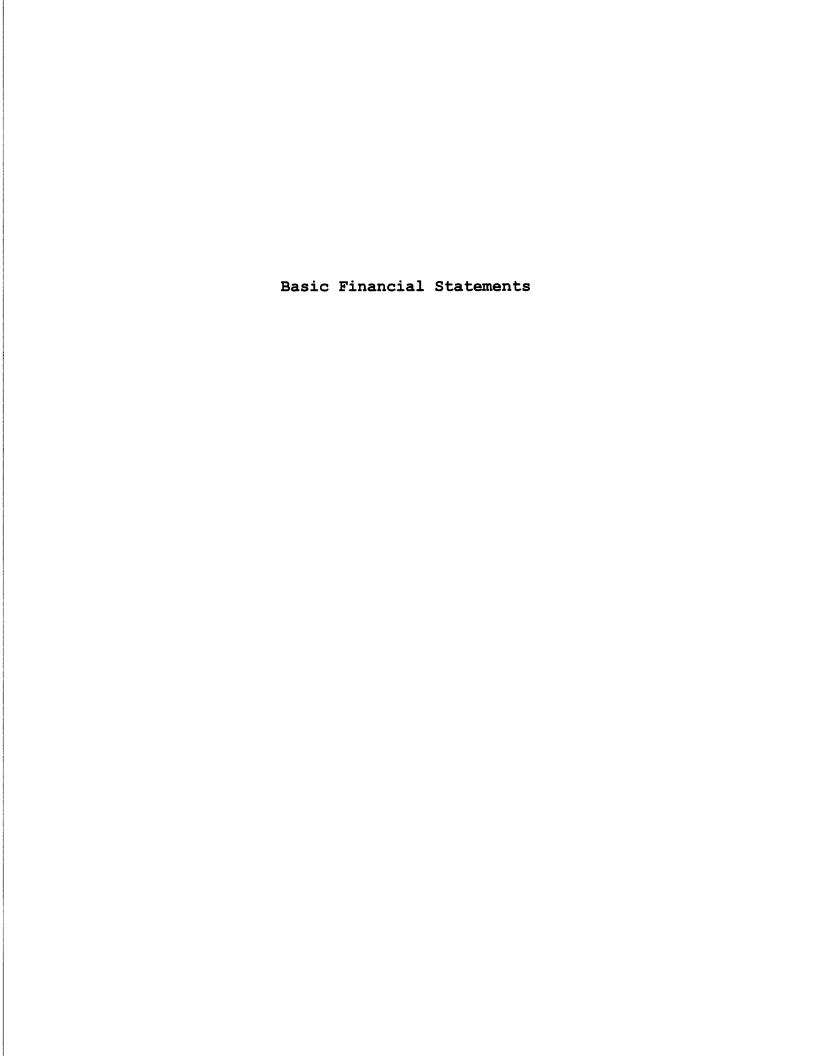
ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The sharing of programs and related cost savings along with allowable growth set by the state legislature will have a major effect on the District.
- Allowable growth of 4% or less is inadequate to maintain all of the District's educational programs at their current level.
- Iowa law requires that unsettled salary negotiations for teachers go to mandatory arbitration. Invariably arbitrated settlements are higher than current levels of allowable growth in funding (not including the budget cuts after the contracts have been settled and people have been hired).
- Unfunded mandates are stretching the limits of not only the financial health of the District, but also the human resources aspect of the District. "No Child Left Behind", "Student Achievement and Teacher Quality Act", and "GASB 34", to name a few.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Jina Brincks, District Secretary, Paton-Churdan Community School District, 606 Adrian Street, Churdan, Iowa 50050.



Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2008

	Governmental _Activities_	Business Type Activities School Nutrition	Total
Passala			
Assets	A 1 CT 4 100	22.222	1 600 011
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,674,102	22,909	1,697,011
Receivables:			
Property tax:	11 165		11 165
Current year	11,165	_	11,165
Succeeding year	937,188	-	937,188
Income surtax - succeeding year	58,000	=	58,000
Due from other governments Other receivables	70,905	-	70,905
	380	-	380
Inventories Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	650 410	582	582
	659,418	6,768	666,186
Total assets	3,411,158	30,259	3,441,417
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	41,042	_	41,042
Accrued payroll and benefits	102,357	_	102,357
Retainage payable	8,830	=	8,830
Accrued interest payable	8,942	_	8,942
Deferred revenue:	•		•
Succeeding year property tax	937,188	_	937,188
Long-term liabilities:	·		•
Portion due within one year:			
Capital loan notes	40,000		40,000
Revenue bonds	35,000	_	35,000
Portion due after one year:			
Capital loan notes	435,000	_	435,000
Revenue bonds	585,000	_	585,000
Total liabilities	2,193,359	-	2,193,359
Net assets	404 440	4	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	184,418	6,768	191,186
Restricted for:	222		
Capital projects	226,453	-	226,453
Management levy	1,873	-	1,873
Physical plant and equipment levy	285,048	=	285,048
Debt service	14,536		
Unrestricted	505,471	23,491	528,962
Total net assets	\$ 1,217,799	30,259	1,233,522
			

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2008

		Progra	Program Revenues	Ne and (Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	le sets
			Operating Grants, Contributions			
	Expenses	Charges for Service	and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs:						
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:	\$ 1,356,258	89,424	272,942	(993, 892)	1	(993, 892)
Support services:						
Student services	10,364	I	1	(10,364)	1	(10,364)
Instructional staff services	27,461	ı	I	(27,461)	ı	(27, 461)
Administration services	276,737	i	285	(276, 452)	1	(276, 452)
Operation and maintenance of						
plant services	180,209	f	2,490	(177,719)	ı	(177,719)
Transportation services	104,391		1	(104,391)	1	(104,391)
	599, 162	1	2,775	(596, 387)	1	(596, 387)
Other expenditures:						
AEA flowthrough	75,248	ı	75,248	1	1	ı
Facilities acquisition and construction	502	I	3,559	3,057	1	3,057
Interest on debt service	8,942	I	1	(8,942)	ı	(8,942)
Depreciation (unallocated)*	47,767	ı		(47,767)	-	(47,767)
	132,459	1	78,807	(53, 652)	1	(53, 652)
Total governmental activities	2,087,879	89,424	354,524	(1,643,931)	ı	(1,643,931)

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2008

		Progra	Program Revenues	Net and (Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	ue sets
			Operating Grants, Contributions			
	Expenses	Charges for Service	and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
<pre>Business type activities: Non-instructional programs: Nutrition services</pre>	60,358	26,849	38,614	1	5,105	5,105
Total	\$ 2,148,237	116,273	393,138	(1,643,931)	5,105	(1,638,826)
General Revenues:						
Property tax levied for:						
General purposes				\$ 773,753	ı	773,753
Management				34,933	ı	34,933
Capital outlay				22,843	ı	22,843
Income surtax				78,081	i	78,081
School infrastructure local option sales tax				127,305	1	127,305
Unrestricted state grants				809,084	1	809,084
Unrestricted investment earnings				16,382	1	16,382
Other				6,830	1	6,830
Total general revenues				1,869,211	1	1,869,211
Change in net assets				225,280	5,105	230,385

Net assets beginning of year

Net assets end of year

1,017,673

25,154

992,519

1,248,058

30,259

\$ 1,217,799

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2008

Nonmajor Special Revenue Total		60,776 1,674,102	470 11,165 20,000 937,188 - 58,000 - 70,905 - 380	81,246 2,751,740		- 41,042 - 102,357	- 8,830	20,000 937,188 - 58,000	20,000 1,147,417	696,453	1,6
No Debt Si Service Re		14,536		14,536		1 1	1	1 1	1	1 2 C R R L L	14,536
Capital Projects		647,023	49,430	696,453		i I	ı	1 1	1	696,453	696,453
Physical Plant and Equipment Levy		334,200	307	427,367		40,629	8,830	92,860	142,319	1 1	285,048
General		\$ 617,567	10,388 824,328 58,000 21,475 380	\$ 1,532,138		\$ 413 102,357	i	824,328	985,098	i I	547,040
	Assets	Cash and pooled investments Receivables: Property tax:	Current year Current year Succeeding year Income surtax - succeeding year Due from other governments Other receivables	Total assets Liabilities and Fund Balance	Liabilities:	Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits	Retainage payable Deferred revenue:	Succeeding year property tax Succeeding year income surtax	Total liabilities	Fund balances: Reserved for capital projects	Unreserved Total fund balance

See notes to financial statements.

Total liabilities and fund balances

2,751,740

81,246

14,536

696,453

427,367

\$ 1,532,138

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2008

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C)	\$	1,604,323
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Income surtax receivable at June 30, 2008 is not recognized as income until received in the governmental funds, however it is shown as a receivable in the Statement of Net Assets.		58,000
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		659,418
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and , therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(8,942)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Capital loan notes Revenue bonds	_	(475,000) (620,000)
Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit A)	\$	1,217,799

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund Types

Year ended June 30, 2008

Total	1,034,427 89,424 84,271 1,040,548	62,001 2,310,671	1,359,558	10,364	276,737	201,977	620,930
Nonmajor Special Revenue	34,933 - 44,601 23	79,557	49,115	ı	26,898	1 1	26,898
Debt Service	1 1 1 1	1 1	1	ı	ı	1 1	4
Capital Projects	127,305 - 3,559	130,864	1	1	ı	25,629	25,629
Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	22,843 - 2,475 15	25,333	1	1	ı	26,513	26,513
General	\$ 849,346 89,424 33,636 1,040,510	62,001 2,074,917	1,310,443	10,364	249,839	149,835 104,391	541,890
	Revenues: Local sources: Local tax Tuition Other State sources	Federal sources Total revenues	<pre>Expenditures: Current: Instruction:</pre>	Support services: Student services Tretwictional staff sorwines	Administration services	Operation and maintenance of plant services Transportation services	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund Types

Year ended June 30, 2008

Total	75,248 273,110	5,155	2,334,001	(23, 330)	475,000 620,000 19,691 (19,691) 1,095,000	1,071,670	532, 653	1,604,323
Nonmajor Special Revenue	1 1	1 1	76,013	3,544	1 1 1 1 1	3,544	57,702	61,246
Debt Service	1 1	5,155	5,155	(5,155)	19,691	14,536	ı	14,536
Capital Projects	61,427	61,427	87,056	43,808	620,000 - (14,536) 605,464	649,272	47,181	696,453
Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	211,683	211,683	238, 196	(212, 863)	475,000	256,982	28,066	285,048
General	75,248	75,248	1,927,581	147,336		147,336	399,704	\$ 547,040
	Other expenditures: AEA flowthrough Facilities acquisition and construction	Principal	Total expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds of capital loan notes Proceeds of revenue bonds Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (over) expenditures and other financial uses	Fund balances beginning of year	Fund balances end of year

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2008

Net c	hange	in	fund	balances	_	total	governmental	funds	(Exhibit	E))
-------	-------	----	------	----------	---	-------	--------------	-------	----------	----	---

\$1,071,670

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the State of Activities are different because:

Income surtaxes not collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are included as deferred revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities

2,488

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of capital outlays and depreciation expense in the year are as follows:

Capital outla	ays
Depreciation	expense

\$ 294,376 (47,767)

246,609

Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Assets. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Current year issues exceeded repayments, as follows:

Issued Repaid (1,095,000)

5,155

(1,089,845)

Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

(8,942)

Early retirement costs are not shown as expenditures in the governmental funds, however are shown as liabilities in the Statement of Assets.

3,300

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit B)

225,280

Year ended June 30, 2008

	School Nutrition
Operating revenue:	
Local sources:	
Charges for services	\$ 26,849
Operating expenses:	
Non-instructional programs:	
Food service operations:	
Salaries	19,156
Benefits	1,206
Services	112
Supplies	37,783
Depreciation	2,101
Total operating expenses	60,358
Operating (loss)	(33,509)
Non-operating revenues:	
State sources	823
Federal sources	37,622
Interest income	169
	38,614
Changes in net assets	5,105
Net assets beginning of year	25,154
Net assets end of year	\$ 30,259

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2008

	School Nutrition
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ 26,849 (20,362) (33,723) (27,236)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: State grants received Federal grants received Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	823 33,413 34,236
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	169
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	7,169
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	15,740
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$ 22,909
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash in operating activities: Operating (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating profit (loss) to net cash	\$ (33,509)
<pre>provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation Commodities used (Increase) in inventory</pre>	2,101 4,209 (37) \$ (27,236)

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2008, the District received federal commodities valued at \$4,209.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Paton-Churdan Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors summer recreational activities. The geographic area served includes the Cities of Paton and Churdan, Iowa, and agricultural area in Greene County. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Paton-Churdan Community School District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. Paton-Churdan Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Greene County Assessor's Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary fund, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other nonmajor governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The Physical Plant and Equipment Levy is used for the acquisition of capital assets (over \$500) and the maintenance and purchase of land improvements and facilities.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's long-term debt.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The District's proprietary fund is the Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund. This fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The proprietary fund of the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash</u>, <u>Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

 $\frac{\texttt{Property Tax Receivable}}{\texttt{modified accrual basis}} \ \textbf{- Property tax in governmental funds are accounted for using the}$

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year become effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a $1\frac{1}{2}$ % per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2006 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2007.

<u>Due From Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount
Land	\$ 1,000
Buildings	10,000
Improvements other than buildings	10,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	10,000
Other furniture and equipment	10,000

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives (In Years)
Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20-50 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years

<u>Salaries and Benefits Payable</u> - Payroll and related expenditures for teachers with annual contracts corresponding to the current school year, which are payable in July and August, have bee accrued as liabilities.

Deferred Revenue - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collectible within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as property tax receivables and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year-end.

Deferred revenue on the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - District employees accumulated a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability is deemed to be immaterial at June 30, 2008.

Fund Equity - In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts that are not available for appropriation or legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

Restricted Net Assets - In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2008, expenditures in the other expenditures function exceeded the amount budgeted.

(2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2008 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The District had no investments at June 30, 2008.

(3) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 5,000			5,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	824,226	12,341	_	836 , 567
Furniture and Equipment	296,022	9,427	_	305,449
Construction in progress		272,608	_	272,608
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,120,248	294,376		1,414,624
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	536,120	13,600	-	549,720
Furniture and Equipment	176,319	34,167	_	210,486
Total accumulated depreciation	712,439	47,767		760,206
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	407,809	246,609		654,418
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 412,809	246,609	-	659,418
Business type activities:				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 22,239	0	-	22,239
Less accumulated depreciation	13,370	2,101		15,471
Business type activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,869	(2,101)		6,768
Depreciation expense was charged to the follow Governmental activities:	wing functions	:		
Unallocated				\$ 47,767
Business Type activities:				\$ 2,101
Food service operations				\$ 2,101

(4) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.90% of their annual salary and the District is required to contribute 6.05% of annual payroll, for the year ended June 30, 2008. Contribution requirements are established by State statute. The District's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$61,225, \$44,646, and \$52,791 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(5) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$75,248 for year ended June 30, 2008 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

(6) Changes in Long-Term Debt

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2008 is as follows:

	Technology Loan	Revenue Bonds	Early Retirement	Capital Loan Notes	<u>Total</u>
Balance beginning of year Additions Reductions	\$5,155 - <u>5,155</u>	620,000	3,300 3,300	475,000 	8,455 1,095,000 8,455
Balance end of year	\$	<u>620,000</u>		<u>475,000</u>	1,095,000

(7) Technology Loan

The District received an interest free loan in 2004 in the amount of \$25,785 for the addition of communications network equipment into an existing classroom. The note was fully repaid in fiscal year 2008 from the District's Physical Plant and Equipment Levy.

(8) Revenue Bonds Payable

Details of the District's June 30, 2008 revenue bond indebtedness are as follows:

Year Ending	Bond Issue of September 1, 2007					
June 30,				_		
	Rates	Interest	Principal	Total		
2009	4.88%	\$ 37,736	35,000	72,736		
2010	4.88	28,548	40,000	88,548		
2011	4.88	26,596	40,000	66,596		
2012	4.88	24,644	45,000	69,644		
2013	4.88	22,448	45,000	67,448		
2014	4.88	20,252	50,000	70,252		
2015	4.88	17,812	40,000	57,812		
2016	4.88	15,860	40,000	55,860		
2017	4.88	13,908	40,000	53,908		
2018	4.88	11,956	45,000	56,956		
2019	4.88	9,760	45,000	54,760		
2020	4.88	7,564	50,000	57 , 564		
2021	4.88	5,124	50,000	55,124		
2022	4.88	2,685	_55,000	57,684		
Total		\$ <u>244,892</u>	<u>620,000</u>	<u>864,892</u>		

The local option sales and services tax revenue bonds were issued for the purpose of defraying a portion of the cost of school infrastructure. The bonds are payable solely from the proceeds of the local option sales and services tax revenues received by the District. The bonds are not a general obligation of the District. However, the debt is subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the District.

The resolution providing for the issuance of the local option sales and services tax revenue bonds includes the following provisions:

- a) All proceeds from the local option sales and services tax shall be placed in a Revenue Account.
- b) Any monies remaining in the Revenue Account after the required payments are made may be used for any lawful purpose.

(9) Commitments

Revenue bonds of \$620,000 and capital loan notes of \$475,000 were issued during the past year. The following amounts are as of June 30, 2008.

Contract amount	\$1,195,045
Completed to date	176 , 590
Retainage	8,830
Current payable	40,629
Paid to date	127,132
To be completed	1,018,455

(10) Capital Loan Notes

In September, 2007 the District issued \$475,000 of Capital Loan Notes to be used for energy management projects throughout the District. Payments will be made from the Physical Plant and Equipment Levy.

Details of the Capital Loan Notes are as follows:

Year Ending	Capi	Capital Loan Notes of September 1, 2007				
June 30,	Rates	Interest	Principal	Total		
2009	3.50%	\$ 19,612	40,000	59,612		
2010	3.50	16,750	40,000	56,750		
2011	3.60	15,350	45,000	60,350		
2012	3.75	13,730	45,000	58,730		
2013	3.75	12,042	45,000	57,042		
2014	3.90	10,356	50,000	60,356		
2015	3.90	8,405	50,000	58,405		
2016	4.00	6,455	50,000	56,455		
2017	4.00	4,455	55,000	59,455		
2018	4.10	2,255	55,000	57,255		
Total		\$ <u>109,410</u>	<u>475,000</u>	<u>584,410</u>		

(10) Risk Management

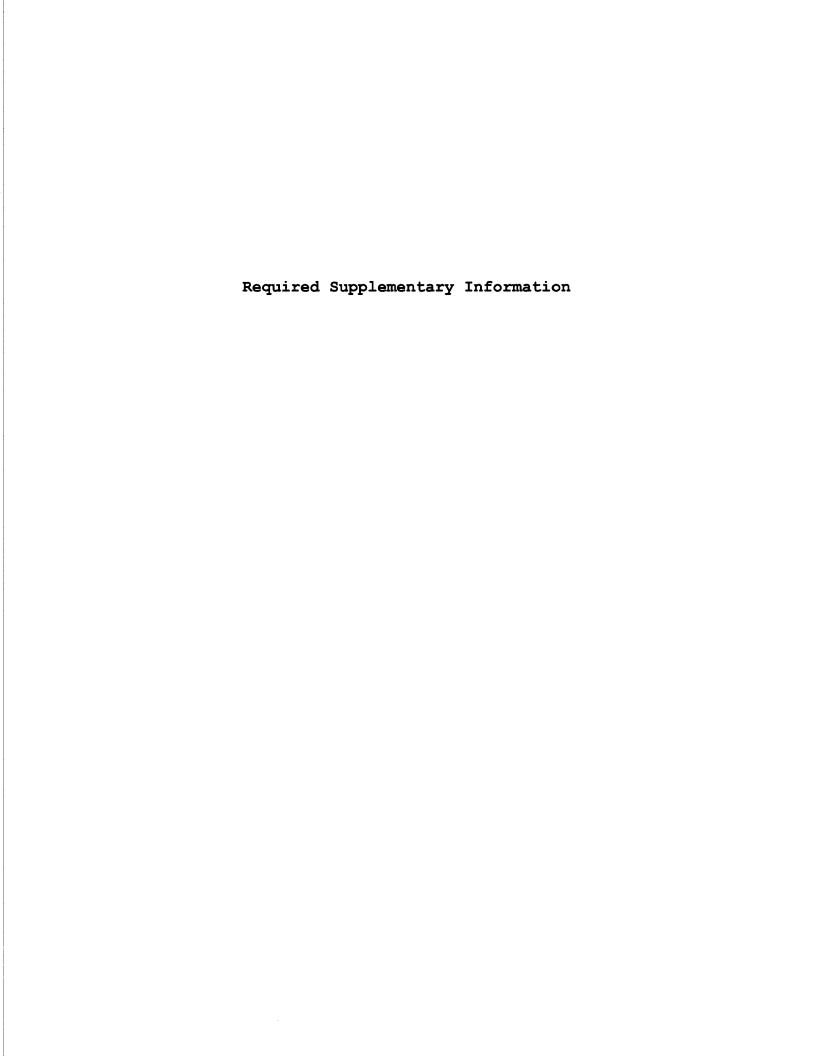
The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(11) Interfund Transfers

The detail of Interfund transfers for the year ending June 30, 2008 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount
Debt Service	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	\$ <u>5,155</u>

Transfers generally move revenues from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Balances -Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2008

	Governmental Fund Types	Proprietary Fund Type	Total	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Final to Actual
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Original	Final	Variance
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 1,208,122	27,018	1,235,140	1,191,700	1,191,700	43,440
State sources	1,040,548	823	1,041,371	1,008,187	1,008,187	33,184
Federal sources	62,001	37,622	99, 623	145,000	145,000	(45,377)
Total revenues	2,310,671	65,463	2,376,134	2,344,887	2,344,887	31,247
Expenditures:						
Instruction	1,359,558	l	1,359,558	1,761,964	1,611,964	252,406
Support services	620,930	ı	620,930	732,246	882,246	261,316
Non-instructional programs	ı	60,358	60,358	191,972	91,972	31,614
Other expenditures	353,513		353,513	80,246	180,246	(173, 267)
Total expenditures	2,334,001	60,358	2,394,359	2,766,428	2,766,428	372,069
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(23,330)	5,105	(18,225)	(421,541)	(421,541)	403,316
Other financing sources (uses)	1,095,000	1	1,095,000	(2,579)	(2,579)	1,097,579
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses	1,071,670	5,105	1,076,775	(424,120)	(424,120)	1,500,895
Balance beginning of year	532,653	25,154	557,807	428,369	428,369	129,438
Balance end of year	\$ 1,604,323	30,259	1,634,582	4,249	4,249	1,630,333

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

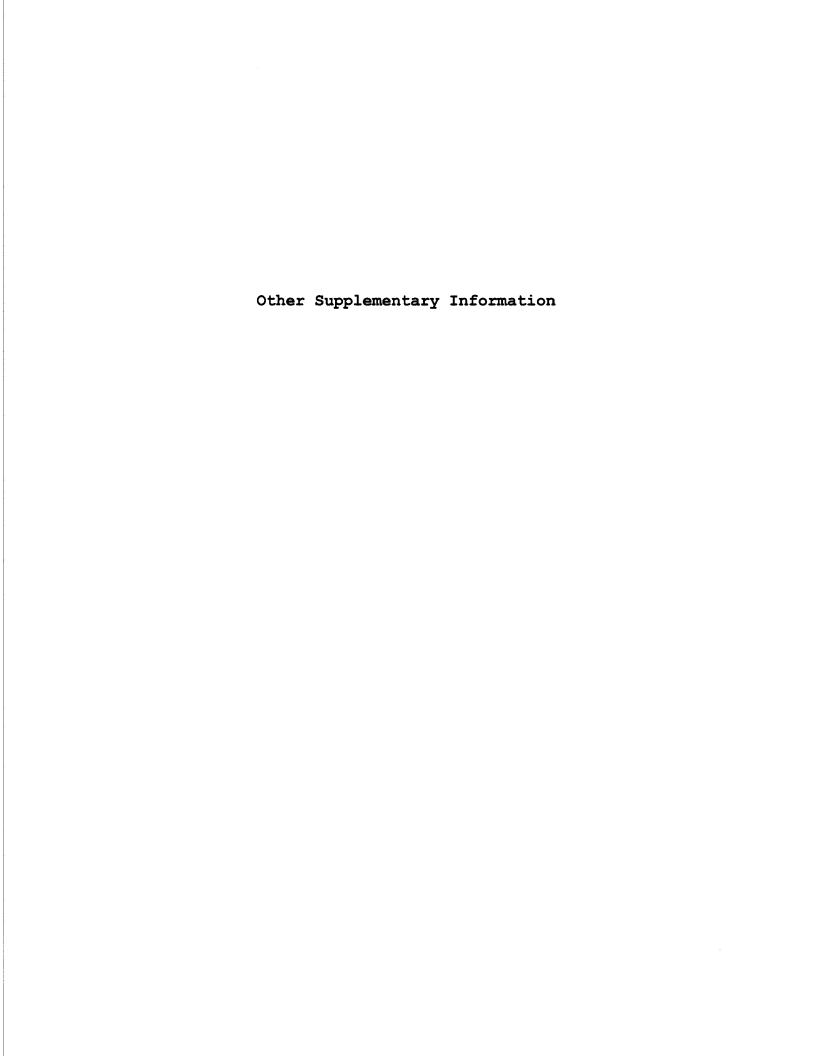
Year ended June 30, 2008

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on a GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula. The budget was amended during April, 2008. No additional expenses were budgeted; however, amounts were shifted between functions.

During the year ended June 30, 2008, expenditures exceeded the amount budgeted in the other expenditures function. The District did not exceed the General Fund unspent authorized budget.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2008

	Management Levy	Student Activity	Total
Assets			
Cash Property tax receivable: Current year Succeeding year	\$ 41,403 470 20,000	19,373	60,776 470 20,000
Total assets	\$ 61,873	19,373	81,246
Liabilities and Fund Balance			
Liabilities: Deferred revenue:			
Succeeding year property tax	\$ 20,000 20,000	<u> </u>	20,000
Fund balance:			
Unreserved fund balance	41,873	19,373 19,373	61,246
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 61,873	19,373	81,246

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year ended June 30, 2008

	Management Levy	Student Activity	Total
Revenues:			
Local sources:			
Local tax	\$ 34,933	-	34,933
Other	262	44,339	44,601
State sources	23		23
Total revenues	35,218	44,339	79,557
Expenditures:			
Instruction:	4,915	44,200	49,115
Support services:			
Administration services	26,898		26,898
Total expenditures	31,813	44,200	76,013
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	3,405	139	3,544
Fund balances beginning of year	38,468	19,234	57,702
Balance end of year	\$ 41,873	19,373	61,246

Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2008

_	Balance Beginning			Balance End of	
Account	<u>of Year</u>	Revenues	Expenditures	Year	
Athletics	\$ 4,715	12,823	13,022	4,516	
Resale	290	, <u>-</u>	, _	290	
Music Resale	_	116	359	(243)	
Class of 2011	-	1,087	213	874	
Class of 2010	1,255	519	24	1,750	
Class of 2009	1,687	3,646	3,007	2,326	
Class of 2008	1,921	2,166	3,395	692	
Class of 2007	270	-	270	-	
Class of 2006	335	-	335	-	
Miscellaneous	115	628	-	743	
Speech/Drama	394	_	20	374	
Musical	559	735	1,151	143	
Student Council	157	1,162	740	579	
Annual	(828)	740	3,216	(3,304)	
Elementary	6,046	9,237	8,985	6,298	
Miscellaneous Clearing	(1,416)	3,832	2,416	-	
Student Pop Machine	2,551	6,406	6,093	2,864	
Cheerleaders	434	502	413	523	
Other Activities	210	600	100	710	
National Honor Society	539	140	441	238	
Total	\$ 19,234	44,339	44,200	19,373	

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function All Governmental Funds

For the Last Five Years

	Modified Accrual Basis				
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Revenues:					
Local sources:					
Local tax	\$ 1,034,427	1,021,032	1,027,895	960,813	1,033,655
Tuition	89,424	68,199	78,860	22,043	33,343
Other	84,271	84,650	95,769	131,394	200,580
State sources	1,040,548	993,080	921,121	881,704	691,218
Federal sources	62,001	68,460	131,633	112,346	72,884
Total	\$ 2,310,671	2,235,421	2,255,278	2,108,300	2,031,680
Expenditures:					
Instruction	\$ 1,359,558	1,326,015	1,372,508	1,368,998	1,217,499
Support services:					
Student services	10,364	9,748	9,717	1,074	7,594
Instructional staff	27,461	33,992	29,576	38,317	24,791
Administration	276,737	246,245	250,404	219,657	217,136
Operation and maintenance					
of plant	201,977	229,493	279,480	142,543	194,447
Transportation	104,391	160,031	215,464	63,274	149,910
Non-instructional programs					
Food service operations	-	-	-	_	4,960
Other expenditures:					
Facilities acquisition	273,110	51,309	- .	133,418	_
Debt service:					
Principal	5,155	2 , 579	2 , 579	2,579	2,579
AEA flowthrough	75,248	72,878	69,832	65,908	64,310
Total	\$ 2,334,001	2,132,290	2,229,560	2,035,768	1,883,226

BRUCE D. FRINK

Certified Public Accountant

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of the Paton-Churdan Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Paton-Churdan Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Paton-Churdan Community School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of Paton-Churdan Community School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Paton-Churdan Community School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency as well as a material weakness.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Paton-Churdan Community School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood a misstatement of Paton-Churdan Community School District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Paton-Churdan Community School District' internal control. We consider the deficiency in internal control described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

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bruce@frinkcpa.com

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies that results in more than a remote likelihood a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Paton-Churdan Community School District's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the significant deficiency described above, item 08-I-A, is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Paton-Churdan Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2008 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Paton-Churdan Community School District's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the District's responses, we did not audit Paton-Churdan Community School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Paton-Churdan Community School District and other parties to whom Paton-Churdan Community School District may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Paton-Churdan Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

BRUCE D. FRINK
Certified Public Accountant

Bruce D. Frik

March 25, 2009

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2008

Part I: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES::

O8-I-A Segregation of Duties - During our review of the internal control structure, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine that incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and therefore maximizes the accuracy of the District's financial statements. We noted that one individual has custody of receipts and performs all record-keeping and reconciling functions for the office.

Recommendation - We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the District should review the operating procedures of the office to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - We will review procedures and investigate available alternatives.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- 08-II-A Official Depositories Official depositories have been approved by the District. The maximum deposit amounts approved were not exceeded during the year ended June 30, 2008.
- O8-II-B <u>Certified Budget</u> Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2008, exceeded the certified budget amounts in the other expenditures function.

 $\frac{\text{Recommendation}}{\text{Chapter }24.9}$ of the Code of Iowa before expenditures were allowed to exceed budget.

Response - Future budgets will be amended in sufficient amounts to ensure the certified budget is not exceeded.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- O8-II-C <u>Questionable Expenditures</u> We noted no expenditures that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- 08-II-D <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- 08-II-E <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the District and District officials or employees were noted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2008

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued)

08-II-F	Bond Coverage - Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
08-II-G	Board Minutes - We noted no transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board.
08-II-H	<u>Deposits and Investments</u> - We noted no instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy.
08-11-1	${\underline{\tt Certified\ Annual\ Report}}$ - The Certified Annual Report was certified timely to the Iowa Department of Education.
08-II-J	<u>Certified Enrollment</u> - We noted no variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Department of Education.